

CY7C4421/4201/4211/4221 CY7C4231/4241/4251

64/256/512/1K/2K/4K/8K x 9 Synchronous FIFOs

Features

- High-speed, low-power, first-in, first-out (FIFO) memories
- 64 x 9 (CY7C4421)
- 256 x 9 (CY7C4201)
- 512 x 9 (CY7C4211)
- 1K x 9 (CY7C4221)
- 2K x 9 (CY7C4231)
- 4K x 9 (CY7C4241)
- 8K x 9 (CY7C4251)
- High-speed 100-MHz operation (10 ns read/write cycle time)
- Low power (i_{CC} = 35 mA)
- Fully asynchronous and simultaneous read and write operation
- Empty, Fuil, and Programmable Almost Empty and Almost Fuil status flags
- TTL-compatible
- · Expandable in width
- . Output Enable (OE) pin
- . Independant read and write enable pins
- Center power and ground pins for reduced noise
- Width Expansion Capability
- Space saving 7mm x 7mm 32-pin TQFP
- 32-pin PLCC
- Pin compatible and functionally equivalent to IDT72421, 72201, 72211, 72221, 72231, 72241

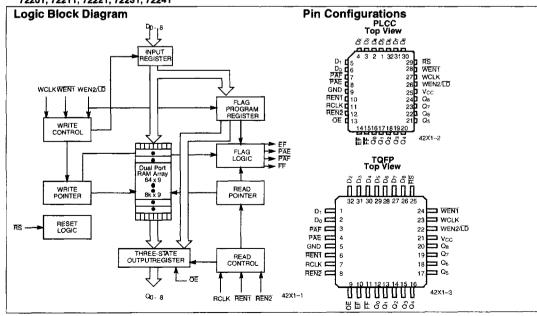
Functional Description

THe CY7C42X1 are high-speed, low-power, first-in first-out (FIFO) memories with clocked read and write interfaces. All are 9 bits wide. The CY7C42X1 are pin-compatible to IDT722X1. Programmable features include Almost Full/Almost Empty flags. These FIFOs provide solutions for a wide variety of data buffering needs, including high-speed data acquisition, multiprocessor interfaces, and communications buffering.

These FIFOs have 9-bit input and output ports that are controlled by separate clock and enable signals. The input port is controlled by a free-running clock (WCLK) and two write-enable pins (WENT, WEN2/LD).

When WENT is LOW and WEN2/LD is HIGH, data is written into the FIFO on the rising edge of the WCLK signal. While WENT, WEN2/LD is held active, data is continually written into the FIFO on each WCLK cycle. The output port is controlled in a similar manner by a free-running read clock (RCLK) and two read-enable pins (RENT, REN2). In addition, the CY7C42X1 has an output enable pin (OE). The read (RCLK) and write (WCLK) clocks may be tied together for single-clock operation or the two clocks may be run independently for asynchronous read/write applications. Clock frequencies up to 100 MHz are achievable.

Depth expansion is possible using one enable input for system control, while the other enable is controlled by expansion logic to direct the flow of data.



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Functional Description (continued)

The CY7C42X1 provides four status pins: Empty, Full, Almost Empty, Almost Full. The Almost Empty/Almost Full flags are programmable to single word granularity. The programmable flags default to Empty – 7 and Full – 7.

The flags are synchronous, i.e., they change state relative to either the read clock (RCLK) or the write clock (WCLK). When

entering or exiting the Empty and Almost Empty states, the flags are updated exclusively by the RCLK. The flags denoting Almost Full, and Full states are updated exclusively by WCLK. The synchronous flag architecture guarantees that the flags maintain their status for at least one cycle

All configurations are fabricated using an advanced 0.65µ N-Well CMOS technology. Input ESD protection is greater than 2001V, and latch-up is prevented by the use of guard rings.

Selection Guide

		CY7C42X1-10	CY7C42X1-15	CY7C42X1-25	CY7C42X1-35
Maximum Frequency (M	Hz)	100	66.7	40	28.6
Maximum Access Time	(ns)	8	10	15	20
Minimum Cycle Time (na	s)	10	15	25	35
Minimum Data or Enable	e Set-Up (ns)	3	4	6	7
Minimum Data or Enable	Hold (ns)	0.5	1	1	2
Maximum Flag Delay (n	s)	8	10	15	20
Active Power Supply	Commercial	35	35	35	35
Current (I _{CC1})	Industrial	40	40	40	40

	CY7C4421	CY7C4201	CY7C4211	CY7C4221	CY7C4231	CY7C4241	CY7C4251
Density	64 x 9	256 x 9	512 x 9	1K x 9	2K x 9	4K x 9	8K x 9

Maximum Ratings

Static Discharge Voltage(per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	.>2001V
Latch-Up Current	>200 mA

Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temperature	v _{cc}
Commercial	0°C to +70°C	5V ± 10%
Industrial ^[1]	-40°C to +85°C	5V ± 10%

Note:

T_A is the "instant on" case temperature.



Pin Definitions

Signal Name	Description	I/O	Description
D ₀₋₈	Data Inputs	1	Data Inputs for 9-bit bus
Q ₀₋₈	Data Outputs	0	Data Outputs for 9-bit bus
WEN1	Write Enable 1	_	The only write enable when device is configured to have programmable flags. Data is written on a LOW-to-HIGH transition of WCLK when WEN1 is asserted and FF is HIGH. If the FIFO is configured to have two write enables, data is written on a LOW-to-HIGH transition of WCLK when WEN1 is LOW and WEN2/LD and FF are HIGH.
WEN2/CD	Write Enable 2	1	If HIGH at reset, this pin operates as a second write enable. If LOW at reset, this pin
Dual Mode Pin	Load	1	operates as a control to write or read the programmable flag offsets. WENT must be LOW and WEN2 must be HIGH to write data into the FIFO. Data will not be written into the FIFO if the FF is LOW. If the FIFO is configured to have programmable flags, WEN2/LD is held LOW to write or read the programmable flag offsets.
RENT, REN2	Read Enable Inputs	I	Enables the device for Read operation.
WCLK	Write Clock	1	The rising edge clocks data into the FIFO when WENT is LOW and WEN2/LD is HIGH and the FIFO is not Full. When LD is asserted, WCLK writes data into the programmable flag-off-set register.
RCLK	Read Clock	1	The rising edge clocks data out of the FIFO when RENT and REN2 are LOW and the FIFO is not Empty. When WEN2/LD is LOW, RCLK reads data out of the programmable flag-offset register.
EF	Empty Flag	0	When EF is LOW, the FIFO is empty. EF is synchronized to RCLK.
FF	Full Flag	0	When FF is LOW, the FIFO is full. FF is synchronized to WCLK.
PAE	Programmable Almost Empty	0	When PAE is LOW, the FIFO is almost empty based on the almost empty offset value programmed into the FIFO.
PAF	Programmable Almost Full	0	When PAF is LOW, the FIFO is almost full based on the almost full offset value programmed into the FIFO.
ĦS	Reset	1	Resets device to empty condition. A reset is required before an initial read or write operation after power-up.
OE	Output Enable	1	When \overline{OE} is LOW, the FIFO's data outputs drive the bus to which they are connected. If \overline{OE} is HIGH, the FIFO's outputs are in High Z (high-impedance) state.



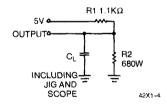
Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Range^[2]

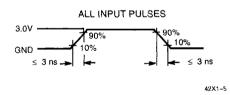
				7C42	X1-10	7C42X1-15		7C42X1-25		7C42X1-35		
Parameter	Description	Test Conditions		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	V _{CC} = Min., I _{OH} = -2.0 mA		2.4		2.4		2.4		2.4		٧
VOL	Output LOW Voltage	V _{CC} = Min., I _{OL} = 8.0 mA			0.4		0.4		0.4		0.4	٧
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage			2.2	V _{CC}	2.2	Vcc	2.2	Vcc	2.2	V _{CC}	٧
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage			-3.0	0.8	-3.0	0.8	-3.0	0.8	-3.0	0.8	٧
l _{IX}	Input Leakage Current	V _{CC} = Max.		-10	+10	10	+10	-10	+10	-10	+10	mA
1 ^{O2} [3]	Output Short Circuit Current	V _{CC} = Max., V _{OUT} = GND	ه ۱۱۱۰ کورړ پ	-90		90		-90		-90		mA
lozi lozh	Output OFF, High Z Current	OE ≥ V _{IH} , V _{SS} < V _O < V _C	С	-10	+10	-10	+10	-10	+10	-10	+10	mA
I _{CC1} ^[4]	Active Power Supply		Com'l		35		35		35		35	mA
	Current		Ind		40		40		40		40	mA
I _{CC2} ^[5]	Average Standby		Com'l		10		10		10		10	mA
	Current		Ind		15		15		15		15	mA

Capacitance[6]

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max.	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	T _A = 25°C, f = 1 MHz,	5	pF
Cout	Output Capacitance	V _{CC} = 5.0V	7	pF

AC Test Loads and Waveforms[7,8]





Equivalent to:

THÉVENIN EQUIVALENT OUTPUT -1.91V

- se: See the last page of this specification for Group A subgroup testing information. Test no more than one output at a time for not more than one second. Outputs open. Tested at Frequency = 20 MHz. All inputs = $V_{CC} 0.2V$, except WCLK and RCLK, which are switching at 20 MHz. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters. $C_L = 30 \, \mathrm{pf}$ br all AC parameters except for V_{CHZ} .



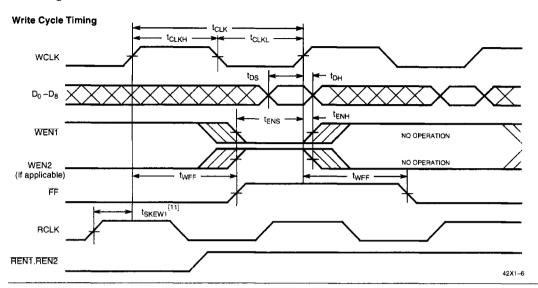
Switching Characteristics Over the Operating Range

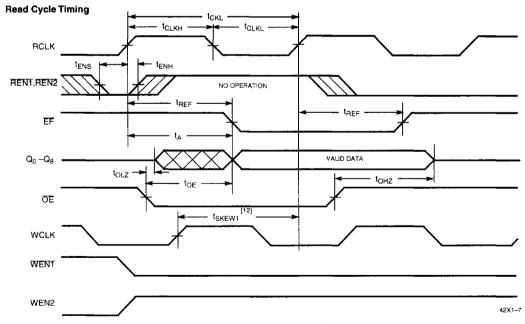
		7C42	X1-10	7C42	X1-15	7C42	X1-25	7C42X1-35		
Parameter	Description		Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit
ts	Clock Cycle Frequency		100		66.7		40		28.6	MHz
t _A	Data Access Time	2	8	2	10	2	15	2	20	ns
toux	Clock Cycle Time	10		15		25		35		ns
t _{CLKH}	Clock HIGH Time	4.5		6		10		14		ns
t _{CLKL}	Clock LOW Time	4.5		6		10		14		ns
t _{DS}	Data Set-Up Time	3		4		6		7		ns
t _{DH}	Data Hold Time	0.5		1		1		2		ns
t _{ENS}	Enable Set-Up Time	3		4		6		7		ns
t _{ENH}	Enable Hold Time	0.5		1		1		2		ns
t _{RS}	Reset Pulse Width ^[9]	10		15		25		35		ns
t _{RSS}	Reset Set-Up Time	8		10		15		20		ns
t _{RSR}	Reset Recovery Time	8		10		15		20		ns
t _{RSF}	Reset to Flag and Output Time		10		15		25		35	ns
t _{OLZ}	Output Enable to Output in Low Z ^[10]	0		0		0		0		ns
toE	Output Enable to Output Valid	3	7	3	8	3	12	3	15	ns
t _{OHZ}	Output Enable to Output in High Z ^[10]	3	7	3	8	3	12	3	15	ns
t _{WFF}	Write Clock to Full Flag		8		10		15		20	ns
t _{REF}	Read Clock to Empty Flag		8		10		15		20	ns
tpar	Clock to Programmable Almost-Full Flag		8		10		15		20	ns
tpae	Clock to Programmable Almost-Full Flag		8		10		15	ļ	20	ns
tskew1	Skew Time between Read Clock and Write Clock for Empty Flag and Full Flag	5		6		10		12		ns
t _{SKEW2}	Skew Time between Read Clock and Write Clock for Almost-Empty Flag and Almost-Full Flag	10		15		18		20		ns

Pulse widths less than minimum values are not allowed.
 Values guaranteed by design, not currently tested



Switching Waveforms

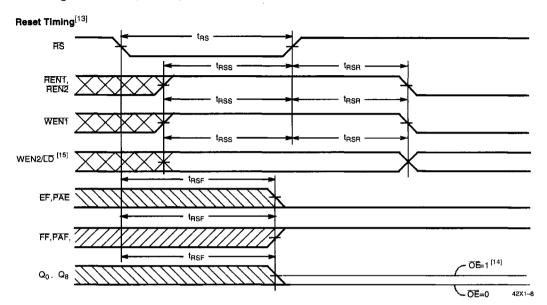




- Takewit is the minimum time between a rising RCLK edge and a rising WCLK edge to guarantee that FF will go HIGH during the current clock cycle. If the time between the rising edge of RCLK and the rising edge of WCLK is less than takewit. The may not change state until the next WCLK rising edge.

 It is the minimum time between a rising WCLK edge and a rising RCLK edge to guarantee that EF will go HIGH during the current clock cycle. It the time between the rising edge of RCLK and the rising edge of RCLK is less than takewit. Then EF may not change state until the next RCLK rising edge.





Notes:

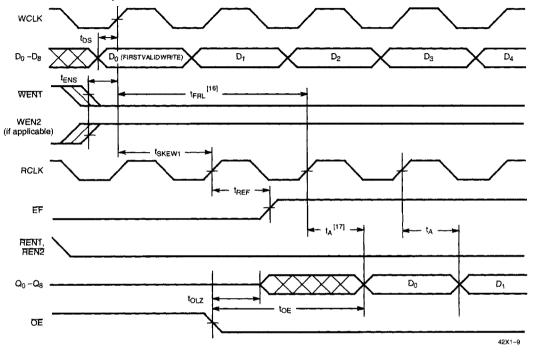
13. The clocks (RCLK, WCLK) can be free-running during reset.

14. After reset, the outputs will be LOW if OE = 0 and three-state if OE=1.

15. Holding WEN2/ID HGH during reset will make the pin act as a second enable pin. Holding WEN2/ID LOW during reset will make the pin act as a load enable for the programmable flag offset registers.



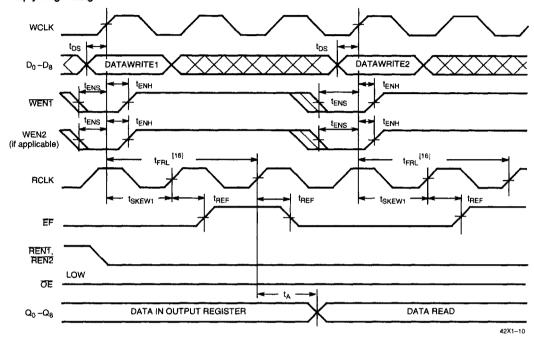
First Data Word Latency after Reset with Simultaneous Read and Write



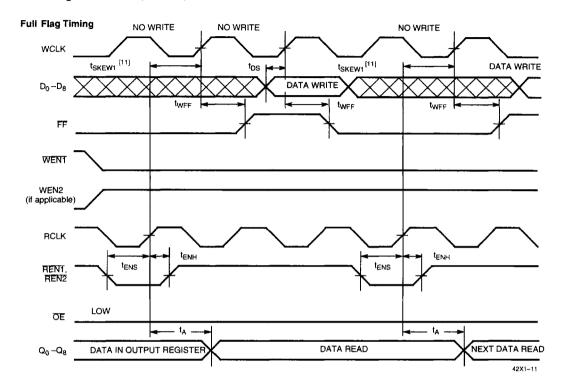
When t_{SKEW1} ≥ minimum specification, t_{FRL} (maximum) = t_{CLK} + t_{SKEW1}. When t_{SKEW1} < minimum specification, t_{FRL} (maximum) = either 2*t_{CLK} + t_{SKEW1} or t_{CLK} + t_{SKEW1}. The Latency Timing applies only at the Empty Boundary (EF = LOW).
 The first word is available the cycle after EF goes HIGH, always.



Empty Flag Timing

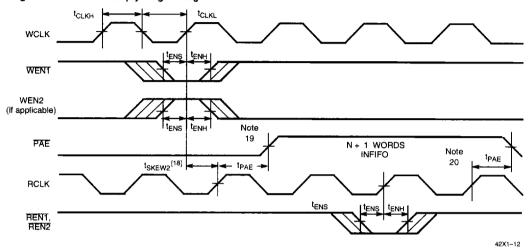


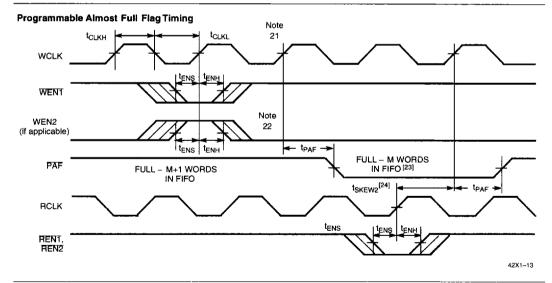






Programmable Almost Empty Flag Timing

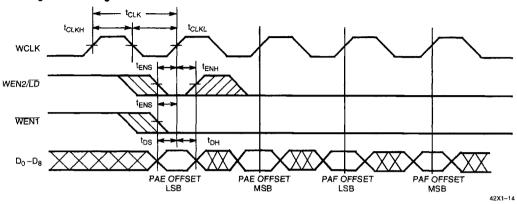




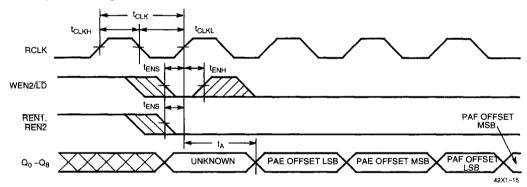
- texterve is the minimum time between a rising WCLK and a rising RCLK edge for PRE to change state during that clock cycle. If the time between the edge of WCLK and the rising RCLK is less than t_{SKEW2}, then PRE may not change state until the next RCLK. PAE offset = n.
- 20. 21. 22. 23.



Write Programmable Registers



Read Programmable Registers



Architecture

The CY7C42X1 consists of an array of 64 to 8K words of 9 bits each (implemented by a dual-port array of SRAM cells), a read pointer, a write pointer, control signals (RCLK, WCLK, RENT, RENZ, WENT, WENZ, RS), and flags (EF, PAE, PAF, FF).

Resetting the FIFO

Upon power-up, the FIFO must be reset with a Reset ($\overline{\text{HS}}$) cycle. This causes the FIFO to enter the Empty condition signified by EF being LOW. All data outputs (Q_{0-8}) go LOW t_{RSF} after the rising edge of $\overline{\text{HS}}$. In order for the FIFO to reset to its default state, a falling edge must occur on $\overline{\text{HS}}$ and the user must not read or write while $\overline{\text{HS}}$ is LOW. All flags are guaranteed to be valid t_{RSF} after $\overline{\text{HS}}$ is taken LOW.

FIFO Operation

When the WENT signal is active LOW and WEN2 is active HIGH, data present on the D_{0-8} pins is written into the FIFO on each

rising edge of the WCLK signal. Similarly, when the $\overrightarrow{REN1}$ and $\overrightarrow{REN2}$ signals are active LOW, data in the FIFO memory will be presented on the Q_{0-8} outputs. New data will be presented on each rising edge of RCLK while $\overrightarrow{REN1}$ and $\overrightarrow{REN2}$ are active. $\overrightarrow{REN1}$ and $\overrightarrow{REN2}$ must set up t_{ENS} before RCLK for it to be a valid read function. $\overrightarrow{WEN1}$ and $\overrightarrow{WEN2}$ must occur t_{ENS} before WCLK for it to be a valid write function.

An output enable (\overline{OE}) pin is provided to three-state the Q_{0-8} outputs when \overline{OE} is asserted. When \overline{OE} is enabled (LOW), data in the output register will be available to the Q_{0-8} outputs after t_{OF} .

The FIFO contains overflow circuitry to disallow additional writes when the FIFO is full, and underflow circuitry to disallow additional reads when the FIFO is empty. An empty FIFO maintains the data of the last valid read on its $\rm Q_{0-8}$ outputs even after additional reads occur.

Write Enable 1 (WENT) - If the FIFO is configured for programmable flags, Write Enable 1 (WENT) is the only write enable control pin. In this configuration, when Write Enable 1



(WENT) is LOW, data can be loaded into the input register and RAM array on the LOW-to-HIGH transition of every write clock (WCLK). Data is stored is the RAM array sequentially and independently of any on-going read operation.

Write Enable 2/Load (WEN2/LD) - This is a dual-purpose pin. The FIFO is configured at Reset to have programmable flags or to have two write enables, which allows for depth expansion. If Write Enable 2/Load (WEN2/LD) is set active HIGH at Reset (RS=LOW), this pin operates as a second write enable pin.

If the FIFO is configured to have two write enables, when Write Enable (WENT) is LOW and Write Enable 2/Load (WEN2/LD) is HIGH, data can be loaded into the input register and RAM array on the LOW-to-HIGH transition of every write clock (WCLK). Data is stored in the RAM array sequentially and independently of any on-going read operation.

Programming

When WEN2/LD is held LOW during Reset, this pin is the load (LD) enable for flag offset programming. In this configuration, WEN2/LD can be used to access the four 8-bit offset registers contained in the CY7C42X1 for writing or reading data to these registers.

When the device is configured for programmable flags and both WEN2/ID and WENT are LOW, the first LOW-to-HIGH transition of WCLK writes data from the data inputs to the empty offset least significant bit (LSB) register. The second, third, and fourth LOW-to-HIGH transitions of WCLK store data in the empty offset most significant bit (MSB) register, full offset LSB register, and full offset MSB register, respectively, when WEN2/ID and WENT are LOW. The fifth LOW-to-HIGH transition of WCLK while WEN2/ID and WENT are LOW writes data to the empty LSB register again. Figure 1 shows the registers sizes and default values for the various device types.

It is not necessary to write to all the offset registers at one time. A subset of the offset registers can be written; then by bringing the WEN2/LD input HIGH, the FIFO is returned to normal read and write operation. The next time WEN2/LD is brought LOW, a write operation stores data in the next offset register in sequence.

The contents of the offset registers can be read to the data outputs when WEN2/ID is LOW and both REN1 and REN2 are LOW. LOW-to-HIGH transitions of RCLK read register contents to the data outputs. Writes and reads should not be preformed simultaneously on the offset registers.

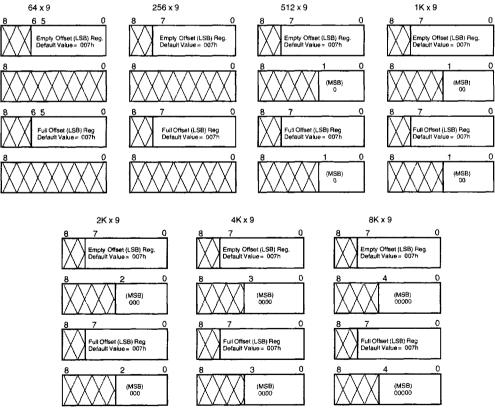


Figure 1, Offset Register Location and Default Values



Programmable Flag (PAE, PAF) Operation

Whether the flag offset registers are programmed as described in *Table 1* or the default values are used, the programmable almost-empty flag (PAE) and programmable almost-full flag (PAF) states are determined by their corresponding offset registers and the difference between the read and write pointers.

Table 1. Writing the Offset Registers

LD	WEN	WCLK ^[25]	Selection	
0	0		Empty Offset (LSB) Empty Offset (MSB) Full Offset (LSB) Full Offset (MSB)	
0	1		No Operation	
1	0		Write Into FIFO	
1	1		No Operation	

The number formed by the empty offset least significant bit register and empty offset most significant register is referred to as *n* and determines the operation of PAE. PAE is synchronized to the LOW-to-HIGH transition of RCLK by one flip-flop and is LOW when the FIFO contains n or fewer unread words. PAE is set HIGH by the LOW-to-HIGH transition of RCLK when the FIFO contains (n+1) or greater unread words.

The number formed by the full offset least significant bit register and full offset most significant bit register is referred to as m and determines the operation of PAF. PAE is synchronized to the LOW-to-HIGH transition of WCLK by one flip-flop and is set LOW when the number of unread words in the FIFO is greater than or equal to CY7C4421. (64-m), CY7C4201 (256-m), CY7C4211 (512-m), CY7C4221 (1K-m), CY7C4231 (2K-m), CY7C4241 (4K-m), and CY7C4251 (8K-m). PAF is set HIGH by the LOW-to-HIGH transition of WCLK when the number of available memory locations is greater than m.

Table 2. Status Flags

	Number of Words in Fil	FO				
CY7C4421	CY7C4201	CY7C4211	FF	PAF	PAE	EF
0	0	0	Н	Н	L	L
1 to n ^[26]	1 to n ^[26]	1 to n ^[26]	Н	Н	L	Н
(n+1) to 32	(n+1) to 128	(n+1) to 256	Н	Н	Н	Н
33 to (64 - (m+1))	129 to (256 (m+1))	257 to (512 - (m+1))	н	н	Н	н
(64 - m) ^[27] to 63	(256 - m) ^[27] to 255	(512 – m) ^[27] to 511	Н	L	Н	Н
64	256	512	L	L	Н	Н

	Number of V	Words in FIFO					
CY7C4221	CY7C4231	CY7C4241	CY7C4251	FF	PAF	PAE	EF
0	0	0	0	Н	Н	L	L
1 to n ^[26]	Н	Н	L	Н			
(n+1) to 512	(n+1) to 1024	(n+1) to 2048	(n+1) to 4096	Н	Н	Н	Н
513 to (1024 - (m+1))	1025 to (2048 - (m+1))	2049 to (4096 - (m+1))	4097 to (8192 - (m+1))	Н	Н	Н	Н
(1024 - m) ^[27] to 1023	(2048 – m) ^[27] to 2047	(4096 - m) ^[27] to 4095	(8192 - m) ^[27] to 8191	Н	L	Н	Н
1024	2048	4096	8192	L	L	Н	Н

Notes:

25. The same selection sequence applies to reading from the registers. REN1 and REN2 are enabled and a read is performed on the LOW-to-HIGH transition of RCLK.

26. n = Empty Offset (n=7 default value).
27. m = Full Offset (m=7 default value).



Width Expansion Configuration

Word width may be increased simply by connecting the corresponding input controls signals of multiple devices. A composite flag should be created for each of the end-point status flags (EF and FF). The partial status flags (PAE and PAF) can be detected from any one device. Figure 2 demonstrates a 18-bit word width by using two CY7C42X1s. Any word width can be attained by adding additional CY7C42X1s.

When the CY7C42X1 is in a Width Expansion Configuration, the Read Enable (REN2) control input can be grounded (See Figure 2). In this configuration, the Write Enable 2/Load (WEN2/ED) pin is set to LOW at Reset so that the pin operates as a control to load and read the programmable flag offsets.

Flag Operation

The CY7C42X1 devices provide four flag pins to indicate the condition of the FIFO contents. Empty, Full, PAE, and PAF are synchronous.

Full Flag

The Full Flag (FF) will go LOW when device is full. Write operations are inhibited whenever FF is LOW regardless of the state of WENT and WEN2/LD. FF is synchronized to WCLK, i.e., it is exclusively updated by each rising edge of WCLK.

Empty Flag

The Empty Flag (EF) will go LOW when the device is empty. Read operations are inhibited whenever EF is LOW, regardless of the state of RENT and RENZ. EF is synchronized to RCLK, i.e., it is exclusively updated by each rising edge of RCLK.

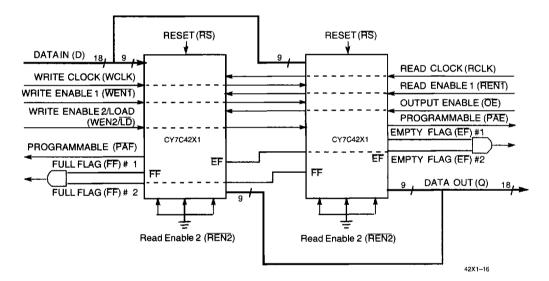
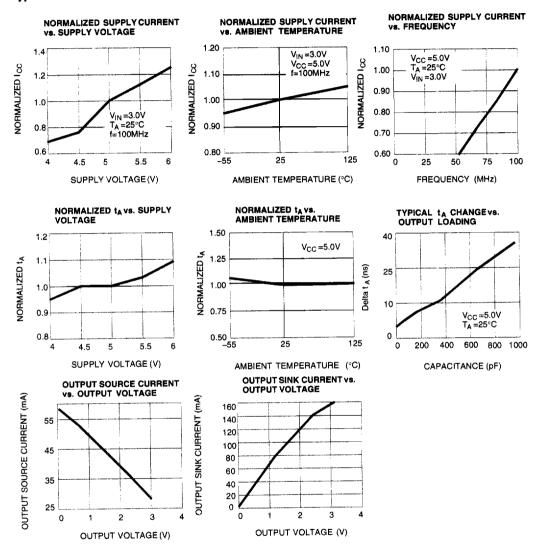


Figure 2. Block Diagram of 64 x 9,256 x 9,512 x 9,1024 x 9,2048 x 9,4096 x 9,8192 x 9 Synchronous FIFO Memory Used in a Width Expansion Configuration



Typical AC and DC Characteristics





Ordering Information

64 x 9 Synchronous FIFO

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
10	CY7C4421-10AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4421-10JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4421-10AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4421-10JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
15	CY7C4421-15AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4421-15JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4421-15AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4421-15JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
25	CY7C4421-25AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4421-25JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4421-25AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4421-25JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
35	CY7C4421-35AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4421-35JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4421-35AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4421-35JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	

256 x 9 Synchronous FIFO

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
10	CY7C4201-10AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4201-10JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4201-10AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4201-10JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	l
15	CY7C4201-15AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4201-15JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4201-15AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4201-15JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
25	CY7C4201-25AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4201-25JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4201-25AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4201-25JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
35	CY7C4201-35AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4201-35JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4201-35AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4201-35JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	



Ordering Information (continued)

512 x 9 Synchronous FIFO

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
10	CY7C4211-10AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4211-10JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4211-10AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4211-10JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
15	CY7C4211-15AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4211-15JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4211-15AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4211-15JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
25	CY7C4211-25AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4211-25JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4211-25AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4211-25JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
35	CY7C4211-35AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4211-35JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4211-35AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4211-35JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	

1K x 9 Synchronous FIFO

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
10	CY7C4221-10AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4221-10JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4221-10AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4221-10JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
15	CY7C4221-15AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4221-15JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4221-15AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4221-15JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
25	CY7C4221-25AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4221-25JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4221-25AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4221-25JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
35	CY7C4221-35AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4221-35JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4221-35AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4221-35JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	



Ordering Information (Continued)

2K x 9 Synchronous FIFO

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
10	CY7C4231-10AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4231-10JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4231-10AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4231-10JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
15	CY7C4231-15AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4231-15JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4231-15Al	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4231-15JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
25	CY7C4231-25AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4231-25JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4231-25AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4231-25JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
35	CY7C4231-35AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4231-35JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4231-35AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4231-35JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	

4K x 9 Synchronous FIFO

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
10	CY7C4241-10AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4241-10JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4241-10AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4241-10JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
15	CY7C4241-15AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4241-15JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4241-15AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4241-15JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
25	CY7C4241-25AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4241-25JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4241-25AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4241-25JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
35	CY7C4241-35AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4241-35JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4241-35Al	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4241-35JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	



Ordering Information (continued)

8K x 9 Synchronous FIFO

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
10	CY7C4251-10AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4251-10JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4251-10AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4251-10JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
15	CY7C4251-15AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4251-15JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4251-15Al	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4251-15JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
25	CY7C4251-25AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4251-25JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4251-25AI	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4251-25JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
35	CY7C4251-35AC	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Commercial
	CY7C4251-35JC	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	
	CY7C4251-35Al	A32	32-Lead Thin Quad Flatpack	Industrial
	CY7C4251-35JI	J65	32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	

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