



SY54017R

Low Voltage 1.2V/1.8V CML 2:1 MUX
with Fail Safe Inputs, 3.2Gbps, 2.5GHz

General Description

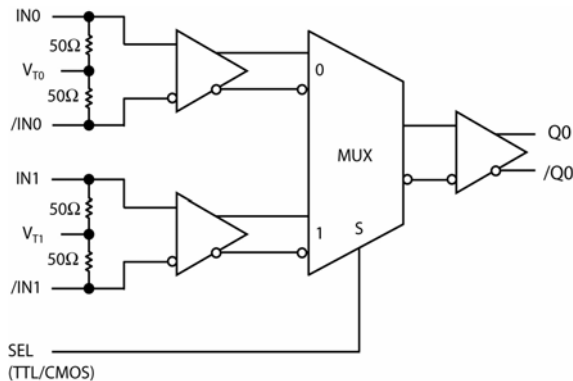
The SY54017R is a fully differential, low voltage 1.2V/1.8V CML 2:1 MUX with Fail Safe Inputs. The SY54017R can process clock signals as fast as 2.5GHz or data patterns up to 3.2Gbps.

The differential input includes Micrel's unique, 3-pin input termination architecture that interfaces to LVPECL, LVDS or CML differential signals, (AC- or DC-coupled from a 2.5V driver) as small as 100mV (200mV_{PP}) without any level-shifting or termination resistor networks in the signal path. For AC-coupled input interface applications, an internal voltage reference is provided to bias the V_T pin. The outputs are CML, with extremely fast rise/fall times guaranteed to be less than 95ps.

The SY54017R operates from a 2.5V ±5% core supply and a 1.8V or 1.2V ±5% output supply and is guaranteed over the full industrial temperature range (−40°C to +85°C). The SY54017R is part of Micrel's high-speed, Precision Edge[®] product line.

Datasheets and support documentation can be found on Micrel's web site at: www.micrel.com.

Functional Block Diagram



Precision Edge[®]

Features

- 1.2V/1.8V CML 2:1 MUX with Fail Safe Inputs
- Guaranteed AC performance over temperature and voltage:
 - DC-to- > 3.2Gbps throughput
 - <390ps propagation delay (IN-to-Q)
 - <20ps Input-to-Input skew
 - <95ps rise/fall times
- Ultra-low jitter design
 - <1ps_{RMS} cycle-to-cycle jitter
 - <10ps_{SP} total jitter
 - <1ps_{RMS} random jitter
 - <10ps_{SP} deterministic jitter
- High-speed CML outputs
- 2.5V ±5% , 1.8/1.2V ±5% power supply operation
- Industrial temperature range: −40°C to +85°C
- Available in 16-pin (3mm x 3mm) MLF[®] package

Applications

- Data Distribution: OC-48, OC-48+FEC
- SONET clock and data distribution
- Fibre Channel clock and data distribution
- Gigabit Ethernet clock and data distribution

Markets

- Storage
- ATE
- Test and measurement
- Enterprise networking equipment
- High-end servers
- Access
- Metro area network equipment

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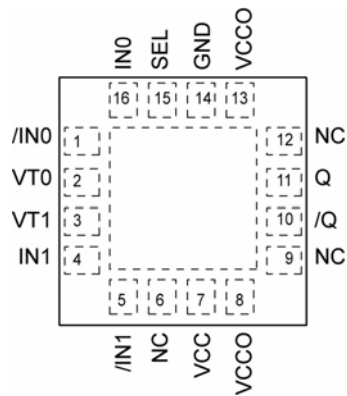
Ordering Information⁽¹⁾

| Part Number | Package Type | Operating Range | Package Marking | Lead Finish |
|-----------------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| SY54017RMG | MLF-16 | Industrial | 017R with Pb-Free bar-line indicator | NiPdAu Pb-Free |
| SY54017RMGTR ⁽²⁾ | MLF-16 | Industrial | 017R with Pb-Free bar-line indicator | NiPdAu Pb-Free |

Notes:

1. Contact factory for die availability. Dice are guaranteed at T_A = 25°C, DC Electricals only.
2. Tape and Reel.

Pin Configuration



16-Pin MLF[®] (MLF-16)

Pin Description

| Pin Number | Pin Name | Pin Function |
|-------------|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 16,1 4,5 | IN0, /IN0 IN1, /IN1 | Differential Inputs: These input pairs are the differential signal inputs to the device. They accept differential signals as small as 100mV (200mV _{PP}). Each input pin internally terminates with 50Ω to the VT pin. If the input swing falls below a certain threshold (typical 30mV), the Fail Safe Input (FSI) feature will guarantee a stable output by latching the output to its last valid state. |
| 2 3 | VT0 VT1 | Input Termination Center-Tap: Each side of the differential input pair terminates to a VT pin. This pin provides a center-tap to a termination network for maximum interface flexibility. An internal high impedance resistor divider biases VT to allow input AC coupling. For AC-coupling, bypass VT with a 0.1μF low ESR capacitor to VCC. See "Interface Applications" subsection and Figure 2a. |
| 15 | SEL | This single-ended TTL/CMOS compatible input selects the inputs to the multiplexer. Note that this input is internally connected to a 25k ohm pull-up resistor and will default to a logic HIGH state if left open. |
| 7 | VCC | Positive Power Supply: Bypass with 0.1uF//0.01uF low ESR capacitors as close to the V _{CC} pin as possible. Supplies input and core circuitry. |
| 8,13 | VCCO | Output Supply: Bypass with 0.1uF//0.01uF low ESR capacitors as close to the V _{CCO} pins as possible. Supplies the output buffer. |
| 14 | GND, Exposed pad | Ground: Exposed pad must be connected to a ground plane that is the same potential as the ground pin. |
| 11,10 | Q, /Q | CML Differential Output Pair: Differential buffered copy of the input signal. The output swing is typically 390mV. See "Interface Applications" subsection for termination information. |

Truth Table

| SEL | OUTPUT |
|-----|--------------------|
| 0 | IN0 Input Selected |
| 1 | IN1 Input Selected |

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

Supply Voltage (V_{CC}) -0.5V to +3.0V
 Supply Voltage (V_{CCO}) -0.5V to +2.7V
 $V_{CC} - V_{CCO}$ <1.8V
 $V_{CCO} - V_{CC}$ <0.5V
 Input Voltage (V_{IN}) -0.5V to V_{CC}
 CML Output Voltage (V_{OUT}) 0.6V to $V_{CCO}+0.5V$
 Current (I_T)
 Source or sink current on VT pin $\pm 100mA$
 Input Current
 Source or sink current on (IN, /IN) $\pm 50mA$
 Maximum operating Junction Temperature 125°C
 Lead Temperature (soldering, 20sec.) 260°C
 Storage Temperature (T_s) -65°C to +150°C

Operating Ratings⁽²⁾

Supply Voltage (V_{CC}) 2.375V to 2.625V
 (V_{CCO}) 1.14V to 1.9V
 Ambient Temperature (T_A) -40°C to +85°C
 Package Thermal Resistance⁽³⁾
 MLF[®]
 Still-air (θ_{JA}) 75°C/W
 Junction-to-board (ψ_{JB}) 33°C/W

DC Electrical Characteristics⁽⁴⁾

$T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$, unless otherwise stated.

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------|-----|--------------|----------|
| V_{CC} | Power Supply Voltage Range | V_{CC} | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | V |
| | | V_{CCO} | 1.14 | 1.2 | 1.26 | V |
| | | V_{CCO} | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.9 | V |
| I_{CC} | Power Supply Current | Max. V_{CC} | | 22 | 32 | mA |
| I_{CCO} | Power Supply Current | No Load. Max V_{CCO} | | 16 | 21 | mA |
| R_{IN} | Input Resistance (IN-to- V_T , /IN-to- V_T) | | 45 | 50 | 55 | Ω |
| R_{DIFF_IN} | Differential Input Resistance (IN-to-/IN) | | 90 | 100 | 110 | Ω |
| V_{IH} | Input HIGH Voltage (IN, /IN) | IN, /IN | 1.2 | | V_{CC} | V |
| V_{IL} | Input LOW Voltage (IN, /IN) | V_{IL} with $V_{IH} = 1.2V$ | 0.2 | | $V_{IH}-0.1$ | V |
| V_{IH} | Input HIGH Voltage (IN, /IN) | IN, /IN | 1.14 | | V_{CC} | V |
| V_{IL} | Input LOW Voltage (IN, /IN) | V_{IL} with $V_{IH} = 1.14V, (1.2V-5\%)$ | 0.66 | | $V_{IH}-0.1$ | V |
| V_{IN} | Input Voltage Swing (IN, /IN) | see Figure 3a | 0.1 | | 1.0 | V |
| V_{DIFF_IN} | Differential Input Voltage Swing (IN - /IN) | see Figure 3b | 0.2 | | 2.0 | V |
| V_{IN_FSI} | Input Voltage Threshold that Triggers FSI | | | 30 | 100 | mV |
| V_{T_IN} | Voltage from Input to V_T | | | | 1.28 | V |

Notes:

1. Permanent device damage may occur if absolute maximum ratings are exceeded. This is a stress rating only and functional operation is not implied at conditions other than those detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The data sheet limits are not guaranteed if the device is operated beyond the operating ratings.
3. Package thermal resistance assumes exposed pad is soldered (or equivalent) to the device's most negative potential on the PCB. ψ_{JB} and θ_{JA} values are determined for a 4-layer board in still-air number, unless otherwise stated.
4. The circuit is designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table after thermal equilibrium has been established.

CML Outputs DC Electrical Characteristics⁽⁵⁾

$V_{CCO} = 1.14V$ to $1.26V$ $R_L = 50\Omega$ to V_{CCO} , $V_{CCO} = 1.7V$ to $1.9V$, $R_L = 50\Omega$ to V_{CCO} or 100Ω across the outputs, $V_{CC} = 2.375V$ to $2.625V$. $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$, unless otherwise stated.

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|----------|
| V_{OH} | Output HIGH Voltage | $R_L = 50\Omega$ to V_{CCO} | $V_{CCO}-0.020$ | $V_{CCO}-0.010$ | V_{CCO} | V |
| V_{OUT} | Output Voltage Swing | See Figure 3a | 300 | 390 | 475 | mV |
| V_{DIFF_OUT} | Differential Output Voltage Swing | See Figure 3b | 600 | 780 | 950 | mV |
| R_{OUT} | Output Source Impedance | | 45 | 50 | 55 | Ω |

LVTTL/CMOS DC Electrical Characteristics⁽⁵⁾

$V_{CC} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$; $V_{CCO} = +1.14V$ to $+1.26V$ or $+1.7V$ to $+1.9V$; $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$, unless otherwise stated.

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|----------|--------------------|-----------|------|-----|----------|---------|
| V_{IH} | Input HIGH Voltage | | 2.0 | | V_{CC} | V |
| V_{IL} | Input LOW Voltage | | | | 0.8 | V |
| I_{IH} | Input HIGH Current | | -125 | | 30 | μA |
| I_{IL} | Input LOW Current | | -300 | | | μA |

Note:

5. The circuit is designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table after thermal equilibrium has been established.

AC Electrical Characteristics

$V_{CC0} = 1.14V$ to $1.26V$ $R_L = 50\Omega$ to V_{CC0} , $V_{CC0} = 1.7V$ to $1.9V$, $R_L = 50\Omega$ to V_{CC0} or 100Ω across the outputs, $V_{CC} = 2.375V$ to $2.625V$. $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$, unless otherwise stated.

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Min | Typ | Max | Units | |
|--------------|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|---------|-----|-----|---------------|---------------|
| f_{MAX} | Maximum Frequency | NRZ Data | 3.2 | | | Gbps | |
| | | $V_{OUT} > 200mV$ Clock | 2.5 | | | GHz | |
| t_{PD} | Propagation Delay | IN-to-Q $V_{IN}: 100mV-200mV$, Note 6, Figure 1a | 220 | 320 | 470 | ps | |
| | | SEL-to-Q $V_{IN}: >200mV$, Note 6, Figure 1a | 190 | 270 | 390 | ps | |
| | | See Figure 1a | 90 | 200 | 350 | ps | |
| t_{Skew} | Input-to-Input Skew | Note 8 | | 5 | 20 | ps | |
| | Part-to-Part Skew | Note 9 | | | 75 | ps | |
| t_{Jitter} | Data | Random Jitter | Note 10 | | 1 | μs_{RMS} | |
| | | Deterministic Jitter | Note 11 | | 10 | μs_{PP} | |
| | Clock | Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter | Note 12 | | | 1 | μs_{RMS} |
| | | Total Jitter | Note 13 | | | 10 | μs_{PP} |
| | | Crosstalk Induced Jitter (Adjacent Channel) | Note 14 | | | 0.7 | μs_{PP} |
| t_R t_F | Output Rise/Fall Times (20% to 80%) | At full output swing. | 30 | 60 | 95 | ps | |
| | Duty Cycle | Differential I/O | 47 | | 53 | % | |

Notes:

- Propagation delay is measured with input $t_r/t_f \leq 300ps$ (20% to 80%).
- Input-to-Input skew is the difference in time between both inputs and the output for the same temperature, voltage and transition.
- Part-to-part skew is defined for two parts with identical power supply voltages at the same temperature and no skew at the edges at the respective inputs. $V_{in} > 200mV$ with input $t_r/t_f \leq 300ps$ (20% to 80%).
- Random jitter is measured with a K28.7 pattern, measured at $\leq f_{MAX}$.
- Deterministic jitter is measured at 2.5Gbps with both K28.5 and $2^{23}-1$ PRBS pattern.
- Cycle-to-cycle jitter definition: the variation period between adjacent cycles over a random sample of adjacent cycle pairs. $t_{JITTER_CC} = T_n - T_{n+1}$, where T is the time between rising edges of the output signal.
- Total jitter definition: with an ideal clock input frequency of $\leq f_{MAX}$ (device), no more than one output edge in 10^{12} output edges will deviate by more than the specified peak-to-peak jitter value.
- Crosstalk induced jitter is defined as the added jitter that results from signals applied to the adjacent channel. It is measured at the output while applying a similar, differential clock frequencies that are asynchronous with respect to each other at the adjacent input.

Functional Description

Fail-Safe Input (FSI)

The input includes a special failsafe circuit to sense the amplitude of the input signal and to latch the output when there is no input signal present, or when the amplitude of the input signal drops sufficiently below 100mV_{PK} (200mV_{PP}), typically 30mV_{PK} . Maximum frequency of the SY54017R is limited by the FSI function.

Input Clock Failure Case

If the input clock fails to a floating, static, or extremely low signal swing, the FSI function will eliminate a metastable condition and guarantee a stable output. No ringing and no undetermined state will occur at the output under these conditions.

Note that the FSI function will not prevent duty cycle distortion in case of a slowly deteriorating (but still toggling) input signal close to the FSI threshold. Due to the FSI function, the propagation delay will depend on rise and fall time of the input signal and on its amplitude. Refer to "Typical Characteristics" for detailed information

Interface Applications

For Input Interface Applications, see Figures 4a-f and for CML Output Termination, see Figures 5a-d.

CML Output Termination with VCCO 1.2V

For VCCO of 1.2V, Figure 5a, terminate the output with 50Ω -to-1.2V, DC-coupled, not 100Ω differentially across the outputs.

If AC-coupling is used, Figure 5d, terminate into 50Ω to 1.2V before the coupling capacitor and then connect to a high value resistor to a reference voltage.

Do not AC couple with internally terminated receiver. For example, 50Ω ANY-IN input. AC-coupling will offset the output voltage by 200mV and this offset voltage will be too low for proper driver operation.

CML Output Termination with VCCO 1.8V

For VCCO of 1.8V, Figure 5a and Figure b, terminate with either 50Ω -to-1.8V or 100Ω differentially across the outputs. AC- or DC-coupling is fine.

Input AC-Coupling

The SY54017R input can accept AC-coupling from any driver. Bypass VT with a $0.1\mu\text{F}$ low ESR capacitor to VCC as shown in Figures 4c and 4d. VT has an internal high impedance resistor divider as shown in Figure 2a, to provide a bias voltage for AC-coupling.

Timing Diagrams

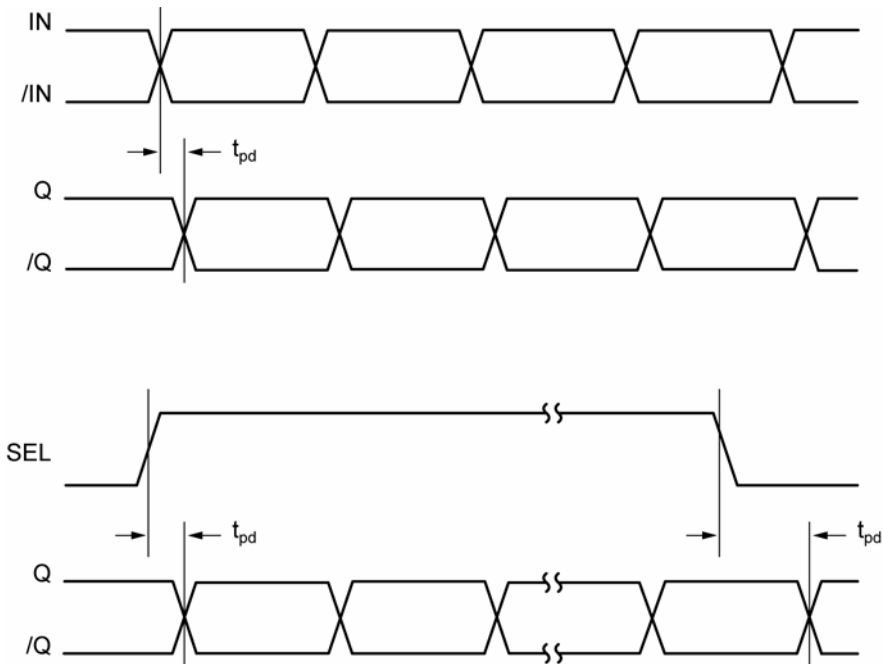


Figure 1a. Propagation Delay

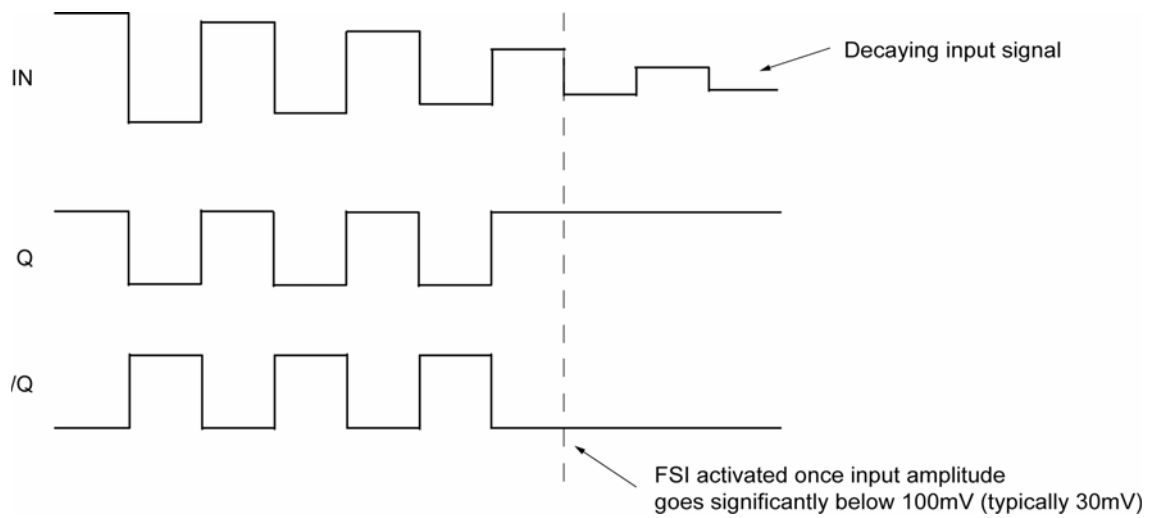
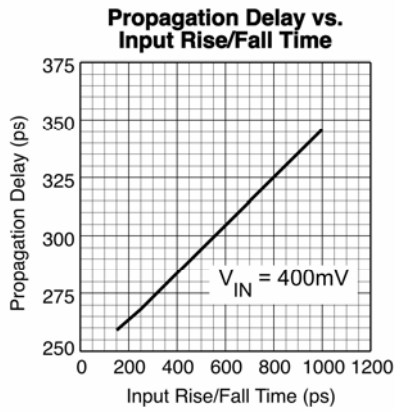
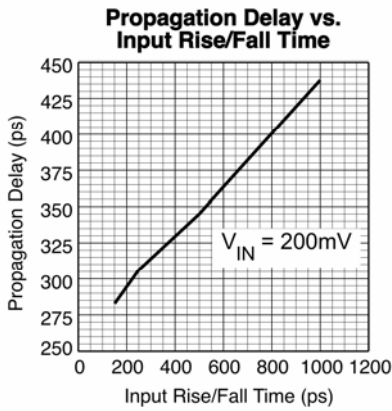
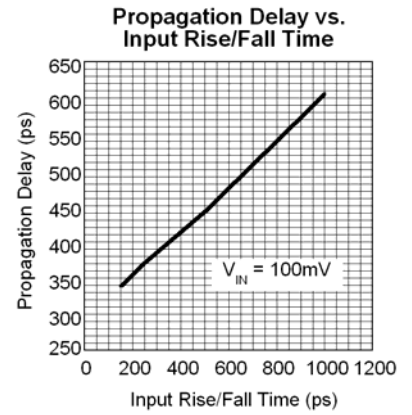
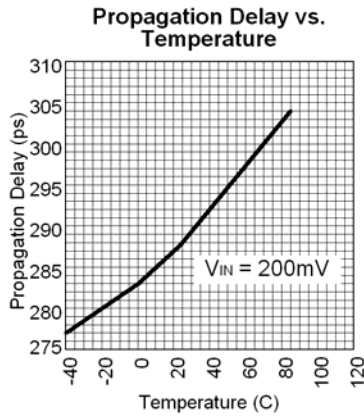
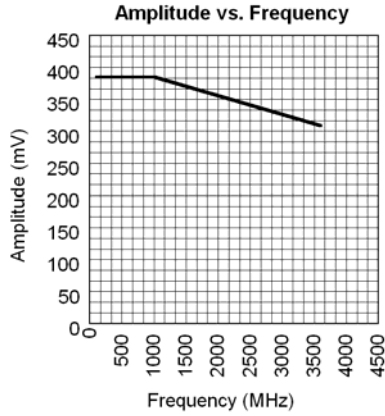


Figure 1b. Fail Safe Feature

Typical Characteristics

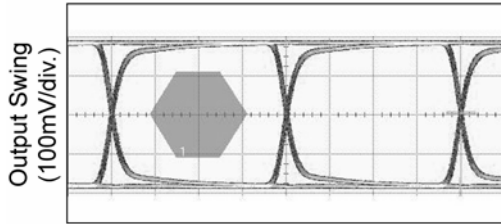
$V_{CC} = 2.5V$, $V_{CC0} = 1.2V$, $GND = 0V$, $V_{IN} = 100mV$, $R_L = 50\Omega$ to $1.2V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise stated.



Functional Characteristics

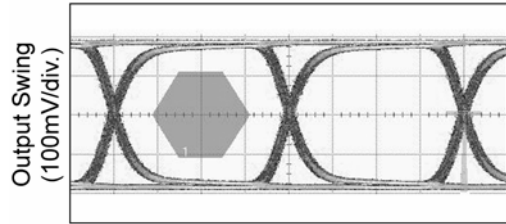
$V_{CC} = 2.5V$, $V_{CC0} = 1.2V$, $GND = 0V$, $V_{IN} = 400mV$, $R_L = 50\Omega$ to $1.2V$, Data Pattern: $2^{23}-1$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise stated.

1.25Gbps Output



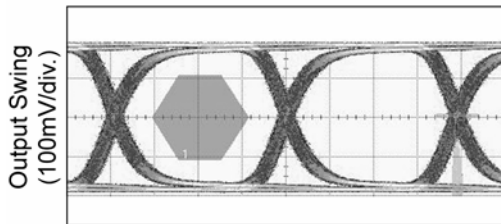
TIME (200ps/div.)

2.5Gbps Output



TIME (100ps/div.)

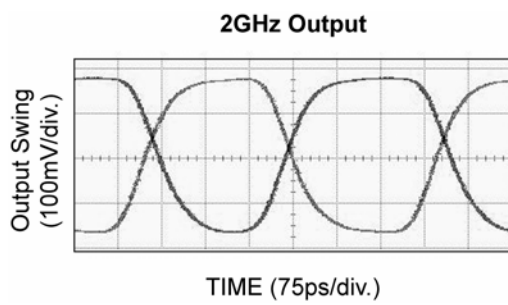
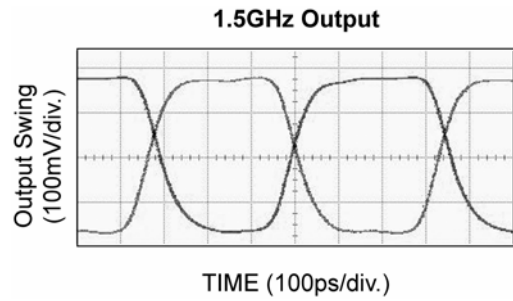
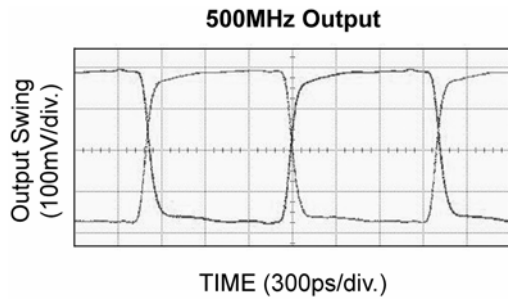
3.2Gbps Output



TIME (80ps/div.)

Functional Characteristics

$V_{CC} = 2.5V$, $V_{CCO} = 1.2V$, $GND = 0V$, $V_{IN} = 400mV$, $R_L = 50\Omega$ to $1.2V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise stated.



Input and Output Stage

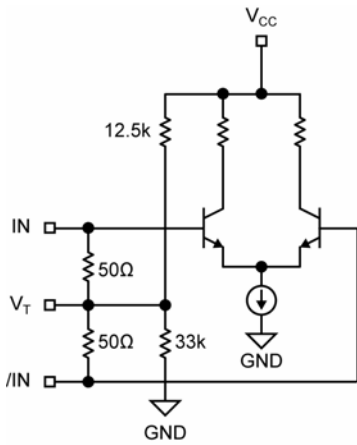


Figure 2a. Simplified Differential Input Buffer

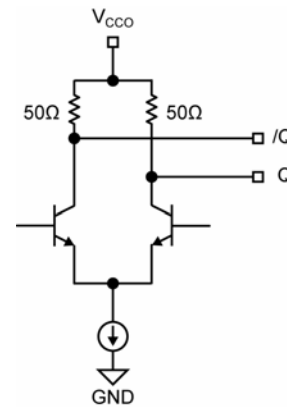


Figure 2b. Simplified CML Output Buffer

Single-Ended and Differential Swings



Figure 3a. Single-Ended Swing

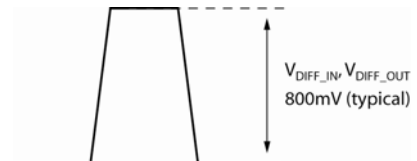


Figure 3b. Differential Swing

Input Interface Applications

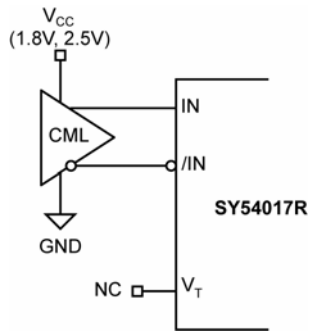


Figure 4a. CML Interface (DC-Coupled, 1.8V, 2.5V)

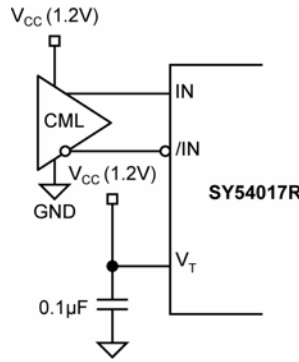


Figure 4b. CML Interface (DC-Coupled, 1.2V)

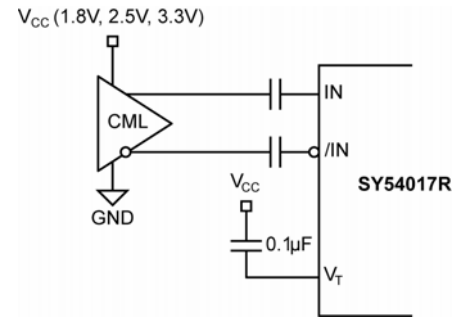


Figure 4c. CML Interface (AC-Coupled)

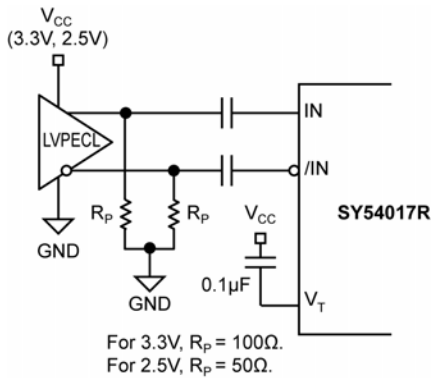


Figure 4d. LVPECL Interface (AC-Coupled)

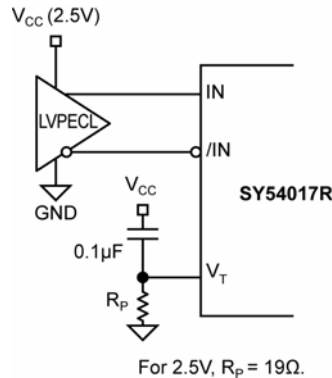


Figure 4e. LVPECL Interface (DC-Coupled)

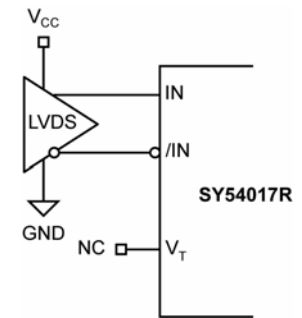


Figure 4f. LVDS Interface

CML Output Termination

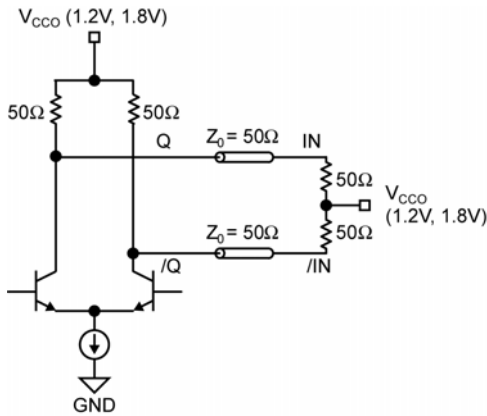


Figure 5a. 1.2V or 1.8V CML DC-Coupled Termination

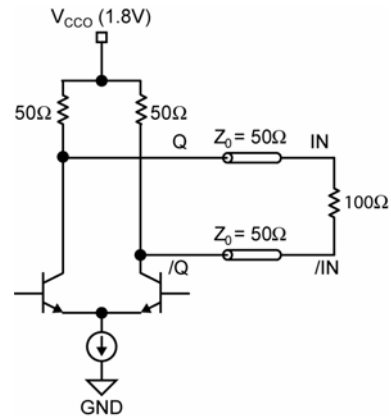


Figure 5b. 1.8V CML DC-Coupled Termination

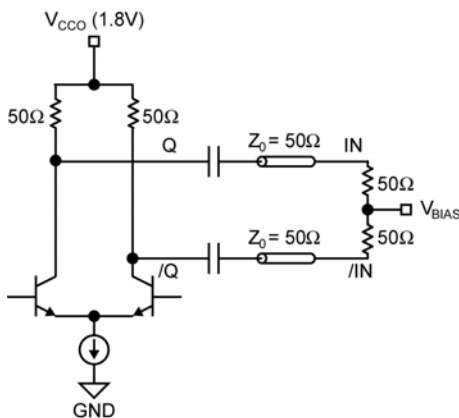


Figure 5c. CML AC-Coupled Termination
(V_{CCO} 1.8V only)

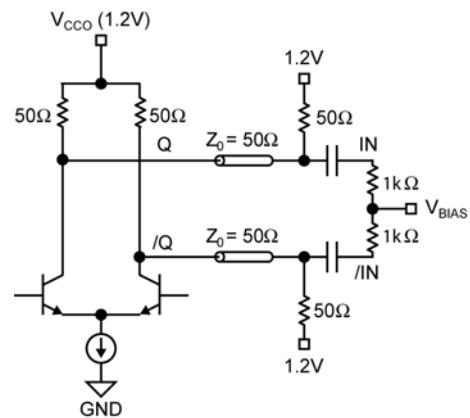
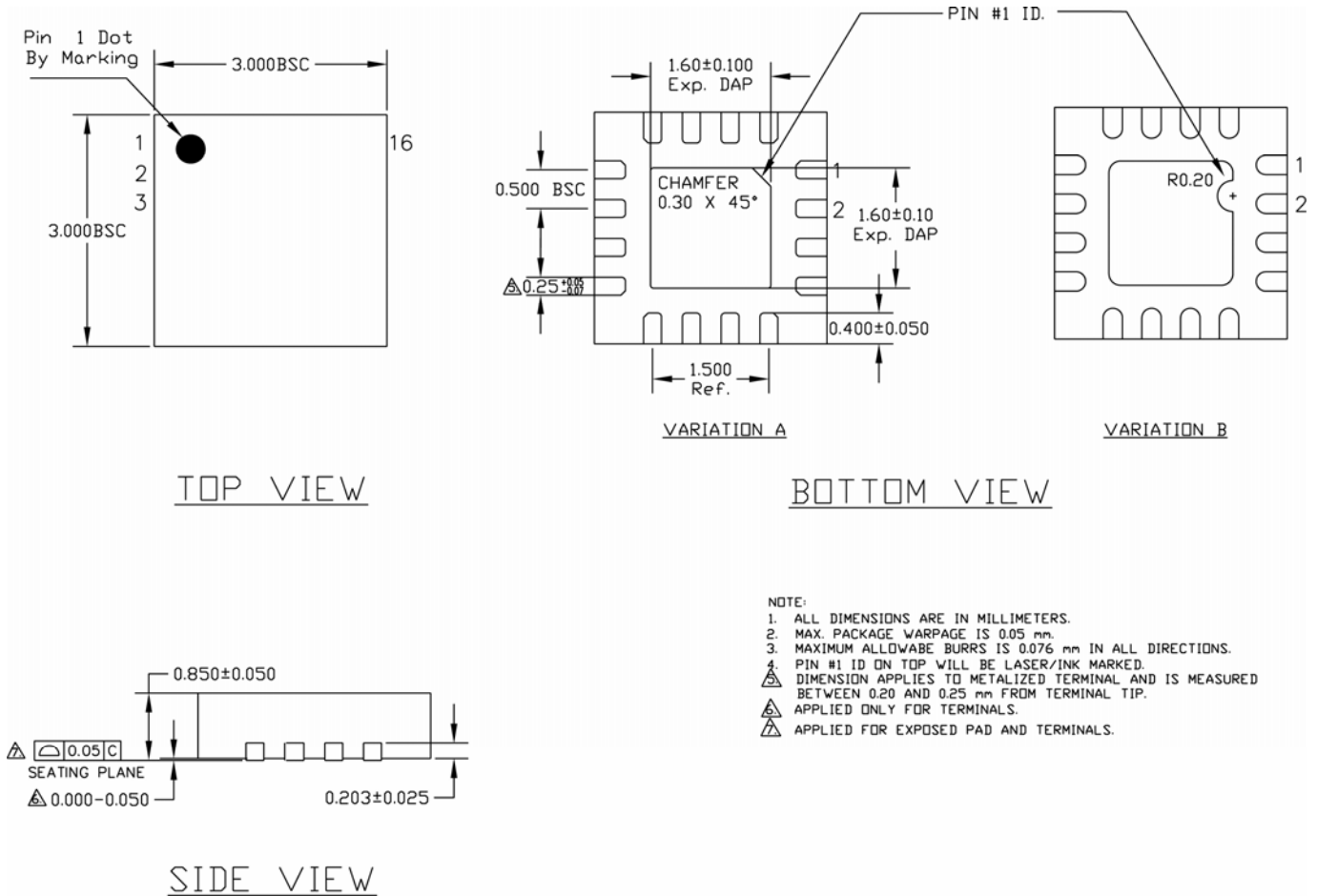


Figure 5d. CML AC-Coupled Termination
(V_{CCO} 1.2V only)

Related Product and Support Documents

| Part Number | Function | Datasheet Link |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SY54017AR | 3.2Gbps Precision, 2:1 Low Voltage CML Mux with Internal Termination | http://www.micrel.com/page.do?page=/product-info/products/sy54017ar.shtml |
| HBW Solutions | New Products and Termination Application Notes | http://www.micrel.com/page.do?page=/product-info/as/HBW/solutions.shtml |

Package Information



16-Pin MLF[®] (3mm x3mm) (MLF-16)

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